

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Date of issue: 5-1-2015 Revision date: 12/31/2023 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product form : Substance
Substance name : Sulfamic Acid
CAS No : 5329-14-6

Formula : H3NO3S

Synonyms : amidosulfonic acid / sulfamidic acid

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : Laboratory chemical

Chemical intermediate

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Global Chemical Resources

126W104 Grand Ave Wheaton, IL 60187

T 419-242-1004

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 or 011-703-527-3887

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Skin Corr. 1C H314 Eye Dam. 1 H318 Aquatic Acute 2 H401

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label elements

GHS-US labeling

Hazard pictograms (GHS-US)



GHS05

Signal word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS-US) : H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H401 - Toxic to aquatic life

Precautionary statements (GHS-US) : P260 - Do not breathe dust

P264 - Wash exposed skin thoroughly after handling

P273 - Avoid release to the environment

P280 - Wear protective gloves, eye protection, protective clothing

P301+P330+P331 - IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting

P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated

clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing P305+P351+P338 - If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing P310 - Immediately call a poison center/doctor P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse

P405 - Store locked up

P501 - Dispose of contents/container to comply with local, state and federal regulations

2.3. Other hazards

Other hazards not contributing to the : None.

EN (English US) Page 1

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

classification

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS-US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information oningredients

3.1. Substance

Substance type : Mono-constituent

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Sulfamic Acid (Main constituent)	(CAS No) 5329-14-6	100	Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 2, H401

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

3.2. Mixture

Not applicable

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general

: Check the vital functions. Unconscious: maintain adequate airway and respiration. Respiratory arrest: artificial respiration or oxygen. Cardiac arrest: perform resuscitation. Victim conscious with labored breathing: half-seated. Victim in shock: on his back with legs slightly raised. Vomiting: prevent asphyxia/aspiration pneumonia. Prevent cooling by covering the victim (no warming up). Keep watching the victim. Give psychological aid. Keep the victim calm, avoid physical strain. Depending on the victim's condition: doctor/hospital.

First-aid measures after inhalation : Remove the victim into fresh air. Respiratory problems: consult a doctor/medical service.

Doctor: administration of corticoid spray.

First-aid measures after skin contact : Wash immediately with lots of water. Do not apply (chemical) neutralizing agents. Take victim

to a doctor if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after eye contact : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Take victim to an ophthalmologist if irritation persists.

First-aid measures after ingestion : Rinse mouth with water. Immediately after ingestion: give lots of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting. Call Poison Information Centre (www.big.be/antigif.htm). Consult a doctor/medical service if you feel unwell. Ingestion of large quantities: immediately to hospital. Do not give

chemical antidote.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/injuries after inhalation : Dry/sore throat. Coughing. ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Respiratory difficulties.

Corrosion of the upper respiratory tract.

Symptoms/injuries after skin contact : Tingling/irritation of the skin. ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Caustic

burns/corrosion of the skin.

Symptoms/injuries after eye contact : Irritation of the eye tissue. ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Corrosion of the eye

tissue

Symptoms/injuries after ingestion : Nausea. Vomiting. Abdominal pain. Diarrhoea.

Chronic symptoms : No effects known.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Adapt extinguishing media to the environment.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : No unsuitable extinguishing media known.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Fire hazard : DIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Non combustible. INDIRECT FIRE HAZARD. Reactions involving a

fire hazard: see "Reactivity Hazard".

Explosion hazard : INDIRECT EXPLOSION HAZARD. Reactions with explosion hazards: see "Reactivity Hazard".

Reactivity : Decomposes slowly on exposure to water (moisture): release of corrosive products. This reaction is accelerated on exposure to temperature rise. Reacts on exposure to water (moisture) with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen). On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (nitrous vapours, sulphur oxides). Reacts

violently with (strong) oxidizers. Reacts exothermically with (some) bases.

EN (English US) 2/9

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Precautionary measures fire : Exposure to fire/heat: keep upwind. Exposure to fire/heat: consider evacuation. Exposure to

fire/heat: have neighbourhood close doors and windows.

Firefighting instructions : Cool tanks/drums with water spray/remove them into safety. Dilute toxic gases with water

spray. Take account of environmentally hazardous firefighting water. Use water moderately and

if possible collect or contain it.

Protection during firefighting : Heat/fire exposure: compressed air/oxygen apparatus.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Gloves. Face-shield. Protective clothing. Dust cloud production: compressed air/oxygen

apparatus. Dust cloud production: dust-tight suit. See "Material-Handling" to select protective

clothing

Emergency procedures : Mark the danger area. Prevent dust cloud formation. No naked flames. Wash contaminated

clothes. In case of hazardous reactions: keep upwind. In case of reactivity hazard: consider

evacuation.

Measures in case of dust release : In case of dust production: keep upwind. Dust production: have neighbourhood close doors and

windows.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. Do not breathe dust.

Emergency procedures : Stop release. Ventilate area.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent soil and water pollution. Prevent spreading in sewers.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain release

: Contain released substance, pump into suitable containers. Consult "Material-handling" to select material of containers. Plug the leak, cut off the supply. Dam up the solid spill. Hazardous reaction: measure explosive gas-air mixture. Reaction: dilute combustible

gas/vapour with water curtain. Knock down/dilute dust cloud with water spray.

Methods for cleaning up : Prevent dust cloud formation. Scoop solid spill into closing containers. Carefully collect the

spill/leftovers. Spill must not return in its original container. See "Material-handling" for suitable container materials. Clean contaminated surfaces with an excess of water. Wash clothing and

equipment after handling.

6.4. Reference to other sections

No additional information available

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling

: Comply with the legal requirements. Remove contaminated clothing immediately. Clean contaminated clothing. Thoroughly clean/dry the installation before use. Do not discharge the waste into the drain. Avoid raising dust. Keep away from naked flames/heat. Observe normal hygiene standards. Keep container tightly closed. Carry operations in the open/under local exhaust/ventilation or with respiratory protection.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Strong reducing agents.

Heat-ignition : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: heat sources.

Prohibitions on mixed storage : KEEP SUBSTANCE AWAY FROM: oxidizing agents. strong acids. (strong) bases. halogens.

water/moisture.

Storage area : Store in a dry area. Meet the legal requirements.

Special rules on packaging : SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS: closing, watertight, dry. clean, correctly labelled, meet the legal

requirements. Secure fragile packagings in solid containers.

Packaging materials : SUITABLE MATERIAL: cardboard. plastics. MATERIAL TO AVOID: No data available.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

EN (English US) 3/9

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

3.1. Control parameters

Sulfamic Acid(5329-14-6)	
ACGIH	Not applicable
OSHA	Not applicable

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate

vicinity of any potential exposure. Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.

Materials for protective clothing : GIVE EXCELLENT RESISTANCE: No data available. GIVE GOOD RESISTANCE: neoprene.

PVC. nitrile rubber. GIVE LESS RESISTANCE: No data available. GIVE POOR RESISTANCE:

No data available.

Hand protection : Gloves.

Eye protection : Face shield. In case of dust production: protective goggles.

Skin and body protection : Protective clothing. In case of dust production: head/neck protection. In case of dust

production: dustproof clothing.

Respiratory protection : Dust production: dust mask with filter type P2.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid

Appearance : Crystalline solid. Crystalline powder.

Color : Colourless or white

Odor : Odourless

Odor threshold : No data available

pH : 1.2 (1 %)
pH solution : 1 %
Melting point : 205 °C

Freezing point No data available Boiling point Not applicable Flash point Not applicable Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Flammability (solid, gas) : No data available No data available **Explosion limits** Explosive properties : No data available Oxidizing properties No data available Vapor pressure No data available

Relative density : 2.1

Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available Specific gravity / density : 2120 kg/m³ Molecular mass : 97.10 g/mol

Solubility : Decomposes on exposure to water.

Water: 18 g/100ml

Log Pow : 0.10 (Experimental value)

Log Kow : No data available
Auto-ignition temperature : No data available

Decomposition temperature : 205 °C

Viscosity : No data available
Viscosity, kinematic : No data available
Viscosity, dynamic : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 0 %

Other properties : Substance has acid reaction.

EN (English US) 4/9

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Decomposes slowly on exposure to water (moisture): release of corrosive products. This reaction is accelerated on exposure to temperature rise. Reacts on exposure to water (moisture) with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen). On burning: release of toxic and corrosive gases/vapours (nitrous vapours, sulphur oxides). Reacts violently with (strong) oxidizers. Reacts exothermically with (some) bases.

Chemical stability

Unstable on exposure to moisture.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

Conditions to avoid 10.4.

Incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials

Strong bases. Strong oxidizers. Strong reducing agents.

Hazardous decomposition products

Sulfur compounds.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

: Skin and eye contact; Inhalation Likely routes of exposure

: Not classified Acute toxicity

Sulfamic Acid (5329-14-6)		
LD50 oral rat	3160 mg/kg bw/day (Rat; Literature study)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.	
pH: 1.2 (1 %)		
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Causes serious eye damage.	
	pH: 1.2 (1 %)	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	: Not classified	
Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)	: Not classified	
Aspiration hazard	: Not classified	
Symptoms/injuries after inhalation	: Dry/sore throat. Coughing. ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Respiratory difficulties. Corrosion of the upper respiratory tract.	
Symptoms/injuries after skin contact	: Tingling/irritation of the skin. ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Caustic burns/corrosion of the skin.	
Symptoms/injuries after eye contact	: Irritation of the eye tissue. ON CONTINUOUS EXPOSURE/CONTACT: Corrosion of the eye tissue.	
Symptoms/injuries after ingestion	: Nausea. Vomiting. Abdominal pain. Diarrhoea.	
Chronic symptoms	: No effects known.	

ogical information	
Not classified as dangerous for the ozone layer (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009). Not included in the list of substances which may contribute to the greenhouse effect (Regulation (EC) No 842/2006). TA-Luft Klasse 5.2.1.	
Harmful to fishes. Harmful to invertebrates (Daphnia). Harmful to algae. pH shift.	
> 14.2 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas)	

EN (English US) 5/9

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Sulfamic Acid (5329-14-6)	
EC50 Daphnia 1	1.6 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna; GLP)
EC50 other aquatic organisms 1	>= 1000 mg/l (16 h; Pseudomonas putida)
LC50 fish 2	70.3 mg/l (96 h; Pimephales promelas)
Threshold limit algae 1	48 mg/l (72 h; Desmodesmus subspicatus; GLP)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Sulfamic Acid (5329-14-6)	Acid (5329-14-6)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. Biodegradability in soil: not applicable. No test data on mobility of the substance available.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	Not applicable	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable	
ThOD	Not applicable	
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable	

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Sulfamic Acid (5329-14-6)	
Log Pow	0.10 (Experimental value)
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).

12.4. Mobility in soil

Sulfamic Acid (5329-14-6)	
Ecology - soil	Toxic to flora.

12.5. Other adverse effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste disposal recommendations

: Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations. Hazardous waste shall not be mixed together with other waste. Different types of hazardous waste shall not be mixed together if this may entail a risk of pollution or create problems for the further management of the waste. Hazardous waste shall be managed responsibly. All entities that store, transport or handle hazardous waste shall take the necessary measures to prevent risks of pollution or damage to people or animals. Recycle/reuse. Remove for physico-chemical/biological treatment. Remove to an authorized incinerator equipped with an afterburner and a flue gas scrubber with energy recovery.

Additional information

: LWCA (the Netherlands): KGA category 06. Hazardous waste according to Directive 2008/98/EC.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description : UN2967 Sulfamic acid, 8, III

UN-No.(DOT) : UN2967
Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Sulfamic acid

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive

Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 213 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 240

EN (English US) 6/9

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

: IB8 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (11A, 11B, 11N, 21A, 21B, 21N, 31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (11H1, 11H2, 21H1, 21H2, 31H1 and 31H2); Composite (11HZ1, 11HZ2, 21HZ1, 21HZ2, 31HZ1 and 31HZ2); Fiberboard (11G); Wooden (11C, 11D and 11F); Flexible (13H1, 13H2, 13H3, 13H4, 13H5, 13L1, 13L2, 13L3, 13L4, 13M1 or 13M2).

IP3 - Flexible IBCs must be sift-proof and water-resistant or must be fitted with a sift-proof and water-resistant liner.

T1 - 1.5 178.274(d)(2) Normal..... 178.275(d)(2)

TP33 - The portable tank instruction assigned for this substance applies for granular and powdered solids and for solids which are filled and discharged at temperatures above their melting point which are cooled and transported as a solid mass. Solid substances transported or offered for transport above their melting point are authorized for transportation in portable tanks conforming to the provisions of portable tank instruction T4 for solid substances of packing group III or T7 for solid substances of packing group II, unless a tank with more stringent requirements for minimum shell thickness, maximum allowable working pressure, pressure-relief devices or bottom outlets are assigned in which case the more stringent tank instruction and special provisions shall apply. Filling limits must be in accordance with portable tank special provision TP3. Solids meeting the definition of an elevated temperature material must be transported in accordance with the applicable requirements of this subchapter.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 25 kg

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 100 kg

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location

: A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

Additional information

Other information : No supplementary information available.

ADR

Transport document description : UN 2967, 8, III, (E)

Packing group (ADR) : III

Class (ADR) : 8 - Corrosive substances

Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) : 80
Classification code (ADR) : C2

Hazard labels (ADR) : 8 - Corrosive substances



Orange plates

80 2967

Tunnel restriction code : E

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 2967

Class (IMDG) : 8 - Corrosive substances

EmS-No. (1) : F-A EmS-No. (2) : S-B

Air transport

UN-No.(IATA) : 2967

Class (IATA) : 8 - Corrosives
Packing group (IATA) : III - Minor Danger

EN (English US) 7/9

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Sulfamic Acid (5329-14-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes

Immediate (acute) health hazard

All components of this product are listed, or excluded from listing, on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

This product or mixture does not contain a toxic chemical or chemicals in excess of the applicable de minimis concentration as specified in 40 CFR §372.38(a) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

15.2. International regulations

CANADA

Sulfamic Acid (5329-14-6)

WHMIS Classification

Class E - Corrosive Material

EU-Regulations

No additional information available

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Eye Irrit. 2 H319 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 Aguatic Chronic 3 H412

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC [DSD] or 1999/45/EC [DPD]

Xi; R36/38 R52/53

Full text of R-phrases: see section 16

National regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

California Proposition 65 - This product does not contain any substances known to the state of California to cause cancer and/or reproductive harm

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision date : 5-1-2015

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16:

ext of 11-philases, see section 10.		
	Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
	Skin Corr. 1C	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1C
	H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
	H318	Causes serious eye damage
	H401	Toxic to aquatic life

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Intense or continued exposure could cause temporary incapacitation or possible residual injury unless prompt

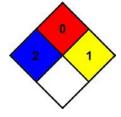
medical attention is given.

NFPA fire hazard : 0 - Materials that will not burn.

NFPA reactivity

: 1 - Normally stable, but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures or may react with water with

some release of energy, but not violently.



EN (English US) 8/9

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

HMIS III Rating

Health : 3 Serious Hazard - Major injury likely unless prompt action is taken and medical treatment is

given

Flammability : 0 Minimal Hazard - Materials that will not burn

Physical : 1 Slight Hazard - Materials that are normally stable but can become unstable (self-react) at high

temperatures and pressures. Materials may react non-violently with water or undergo

hazardous polymerization in the absence of inhibitors.

Personal Protection : F

F - Safety glasses, Gloves, Synthetic apron, Dust respirator

SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012)

Information in this SDS is from available published sources and is believed to be accurate. No warranty, express or implied, is made and Global Chemical Resources assumes no liability resulting from the use of this SDS. The user must determine suitability of this information for his application.

EN (English US) 9/9